

1122

1912 Dates J-BK

Italy & Germany
War of investiture ended.
by concordat of Worms.

1122

1912 Dates' J-BK

SIGURD was sole ruler
of Norway.

1122

Duncan: Cal

Abraham bar Hiryah ha-Nasi
Jewish Cal.

1127-1279

By the time of the Southern Song dynasty (1127-1279) paper money - now known as *huizi* - was being issued in large quantities. The *huizi* mint, located at Lin'an (today's Hangzhou), employed 1,200 workers, of whom more than 200 were printers. The plates, generally of copper were engraved with intricate designs to discourage

Countenfeiting.

1122

Comendat of Warrs ends
investiture dispute

lay invitation was laid out
in widespread reforms
beginning with the

Concordat of Worms signed
in 1122 between Henry V and
Pope Callistus II

In Middle Ages, Holy orders were
conferred on ignorant, unworthy

people, and then men chose the level
of their performance and achievement

Concordat of Worms

A truce is declared in the "investiture contest": the quarrel between pope and emperor, which Gregory VII had begun with his ban in 1085 on the lay investiture of officers of the Church, was given a respite in 1122 when Emperor Henry V and Pope Calixtus II met in Worms, Germany. At some stage the conflict of authority between 2 heads of Christendom, both of whom were vice-regents of God on Earth. In Worms the 2 sides agreed that within the Holy Roman

Empire (Germany, Hungary, and Italy) bishops and abbots
demanded he freely elected by the church, but that
in Germany the election should be made in
the emperor's presence. The emperor would no longer
interfere with the king's staff, which was the
spiritual signature of their office, but he would continue
to invest them with the scepter, which represented
their office and lay rights. The emperor could, but did
not end the investing controversy, especially not
in France and England, British disagreement
had been reached there in 1106/7, but which
with the papacy remained largely neutral
as the central monarchs developed in power
and authority

Sept. 1122

Concordat of Worms

Holy Roman Emperor Henry V (1081-
May 23, 1125) renounced the
right of investiture and
recognized freedom of election
of the clergy.

1122

Concordat of Worms

An agreement made in 1122 between Pope Callistus II and Emperor Henry V ended lay investiture.

Also called PACTUM CALIXTINUM